

Prior and future learning

Prior Knowledge	What's next?
 Observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants. (Y2 - Plants) Find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy. (Y2 - Plants) 	 I can recognise that living things can be grouped in a variety of ways. I can explore and use classification keys to help group. I can identify and name a variety of living things in their local and wider environment. I can recognise that environments can change and that this can sometimes pose dangers to living things. (Year 4 Living things and their environment)

Track your learning

How I will show what I have learned	<u></u>	\odot
I can identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers.		
I can describe the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation, seed dispersal, and germination		
I know what plants need for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how these needs vary from plant to plant.		
I have investigated the way in which water is transported within plants.		
I can give different methods of pollination and seed dispersal, including examples.		

Key knowledge I need to understand

- Identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers.
- Explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant.
- Investigate the way in which water is transported within plants.
- Explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal.



Working scientifically assessment: measuring plants, functions of stem, observing plants. **Scientist:** Ahmed Mumin Warfa



Possible texts to read: The Hidden Forest – Jeannie Baker George and Flora's Secret Garden – Jo Elworthy

Link to maths curriculum: Measurement:

• Measuring out the amount of water to give plants when investigating how the amount of water affects how plants grow. (*Measure, compare, add and subtract: volume/capacity (l/ml*).

Key vocabulary I need to know		
absorb	soak up or take in	
carbon	a gas produced by animals and people	
dioxide	breathing out	
	scattered, separated, or spread through a large	
dispersed	area	
	to carefully cut something up in order to	
dissect	examine it	
	in plants , where pollen meets the ovule to	
fertilisation	form a seed	
	a substance that is added to soil in order to	
fertiliser	make plants	
function	a useful thing that something does	
	if a seed germinates or if it is germinated , it	
germination	starts to grow	
healthy	well and not suffering from any illness	
	the series of changes that an animal or plant	
	passes through from the beginning of its life	
life cycle	until its death	
mature	When something matures , it is fully developed	
	Minerals are inorganic elements that come	
	from soil and water, and are absorbed by plants	
minerals	or eaten by animals.	
	a fine powder produced by flowers . It fertilises	
	other flowers of the same species so that they	
pollen	produce seeds	
	To pollinate a plant or tree means to fertilise it	
	with pollen . This is often done by insects or	
pollination	wind.	
structure	the way in which something is built or made	
temperature	a measure of how hot or cold something is	
transported	taking something from one place to another	